

Amendment
U.S. Patent Application No. 10/019,474

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (Original) A natural gas hydrate characterised by a gas content in excess of 180 Sm³ per m³.

2. (Original) A natural gas hydrate according to claim 1 characterised by a gas content in excess of 186 Sm³ per m³.

3. (Original) A natural gas hydrate according to claim 1 characterised by a gas content in excess of 220 Sm³ per m³.

4. (Original) A natural gas hydrate according to claim 1 characterised by a gas content in excess of approximately 227 Sm³ per m³.

5-10. (Canceled)

11. (Original) A natural gas hydrate characterised by a hydrate desolution temperature in excess of approximately -1°C at approximately atmospheric pressure.

12-43. (Canceled)

44. (Previously Added) A natural gas hydrate according to claim 1 characterised by a hydrate desolution temperature in excess of -15°C at atmospheric pressure.

45. (Previously Added) A natural gas hydrate according to claim 1 characterised by a hydrate desolution temperature in excess of -13°C at atmospheric pressure.

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46. (Previously Added) A natural gas hydrate according to claim 1 characterised by a hydrate desolution temperature in excess of -11°C at atmospheric pressure.

47. (Previously Added) A natural gas hydrate according to claim 1 characterised by a hydrate desolution temperature in excess of -5°C at atmospheric pressure.

48. (Previously Added) A natural gas hydrate according to claim 1 characterised by a hydrate desolution temperature in excess of -3°C at atmospheric pressure.

49. (Previously Added) A natural gas hydrate according to claim 1 characterised by a hydrate desolution temperature in excess of 3°C at atmospheric pressure.

50. (Previously Added) A natural gas hydrate according to claim 11 characterised by a hydrate desolution temperature in excess of approximately 0°C at approximately atmospheric pressure.

51. (Previously Added) A natural gas hydrate according to claim 11 characterised by a hydrate desolution temperature in excess of approximately 1°C at approximately atmospheric pressure.

52. (Previously Added) A natural gas hydrate according to claim 11 characterised by a hydrate desolution temperature in excess of approximately 2°C at approximately atmospheric pressure.

53. (Previously Added) A natural gas hydrate according to claim 11 characterised by a hydrate desolution temperature in excess of approximately 3°C at approximately atmospheric pressure.

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54. (Previously Added) A natural gas hydrate according to claim 11 characterised by a gas content in excess of 180 Sm^3 per m^3 .

55. (Previously Added) A natural gas hydrate according to claim 11 characterised by a gas content in excess of 186 Sm^3 per m^3 .

56. (Previously Added) A natural gas hydrate according to claim 11 characterised by a gas content in excess of 220 Sm^3 per m^3 .

57. (Previously Added) A natural gas hydrate according to claim 11 characterised by a gas content in excess of 227 Sm^3 per m^3 .

58. (Currently Amended) A method for the production of ~~the~~ a natural gas hydrate of ~~claim 1~~ characterised by the steps of:

~~combining~~ pre-mixing natural gas and water ~~to form a natural gas water system~~ and an agent adapted to reduce the natural gas-water interfacial tension to form a natural-gas water-agent system;

allowing the natural gas-water-agent system to reach equilibrium at elevated pressure and ambient temperature; and,

after the natural gas-water-agent system has reached equilibrium at elevated pressure and ambient temperature, reducing the temperature of the natural gas-water-agent system to initiate the formation of the natural gas hydrate.

59. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 58 characterised by the additional step of, before ~~combining the natural gas and water~~ pre-mixing natural gas and water and the agent adapted to reduce interfacial tension, atomising the natural gas and water.

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60. (Previously Added) A method according to claim 58 characterised by the natural gas-water-agent system being agitated before the temperature is reduced.

61. (Previously Added) A method according to claim 58 characterised in that the agent is a compound that is at least partially soluble in water.

62. (Previously Added) A method according to claim 61 characterised in that the agent is an alkali metal alkylsulfonate.

63. (Previously Added) A method according to claim 61 characterised in that the agent is a sodium alkylsulfonate.

64. (Currently Amended) A method according to claim 61 characterised in that the agent is selected from the group; consisting of sodium lauryl sulfate, sodium 1-propanesulfonate, sodium 1-butane sulfonate, sodium 1-pentanesulfonate, sodium 1-hexane sulfonate, sodium 1-heptane sulfonate, sodium 1-octanesulfonate, sodium 1-nonanesulfonate, sodium 1-decanesulfonate, sodium 1-undecanesulfonate, sodium 1-dodecanesulfonate and sodium 1-tridecane sulfonate.

65. (Previously Added) A method according to claim 61 characterised in that the amount of agent added is such that the concentration of the agent in the natural gas-water-agent system is less than about 1% by weight.

66. (Previously Added) A method according to claim 61 characterised in that the amount of agent added results in a concentration of the agent less than about 0.5% by weight.

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67. (Previously Added) A method according to claim 61 characterised in that the amount of agent added results in a concentration of the agent between about 0.1 and 0.2% by weight.

68. (Previously Added) A method according to claim 61 characterised in that the agent is sodium lauryl sulfate.

69. (Previously Added) A method according to claim 61 characterised in that the agent is sodium lauryl sulfate and the amount of agent added is preferably such that the concentration of the agent in the natural gas-water-agent system is less than about 1% by weight.

70. (Previously Added) A method according to claim 61 characterised in that the agent is sodium lauryl sulfate and the amount of agent added results in a concentration of the agent less than about 0.5% by weight.

71. (Previously Added) A method according to claim 61 characterised in that the agent is sodium lauryl sulfate and the amount of agent added results in a concentration of the agent between about 0.1 and 0.2% by weight.

72. (Previously Added) A method according to claim 61 characterised in that the agent is sodium tripolyphosphate.

73. (Previously Added) A method according to claim 61 characterised in that the agent is sodium tripolyphosphate and the amount of agent added is preferably such that the concentration of the agent in the natural gas-water-agent system is between about 1 and 3% by weight.

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74. (Previously Added) A method according to claim 61 characterised in that the agent is an alcohol.

75. (Previously Added) A method according to claim 61 characterised in that the agent is isopropyl alcohol.

76. (Previously Added) A method according to claim 61 characterised in that the agent is isopropyl alcohol and the amount of agent added is preferably such that the concentration of the agent in the natural gas-water-agent system is about 0.1% by volume.

77. (Previously Added) A method according to claim 58 characterised in that the pressure exceeds about 50 bars.

78. (Previously Added) A method according to claim 58 characterised in that the temperature is below about 18°C.

79. (Previously Added) A method according to claim 58 wherein the natural gas-water-agent system is constantly mixed throughout the method.